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- (f) Multiplying the amount of assigned AUD, as determined by CCC, by the producer's share:
- (g) Subtracting the result from paragraph (f) of this section from the result from paragraph (e) of this section;
- (h) Multiplying the result from paragraph (d) of this section by 0.50;
- (i) Subtracting the result from paragraph (h) of this section from the result from paragraph (g) of this section; and
- (j) Multiplying the result from paragraph (i) of this section by the final payment price established in accordance with §1437.11.

[67 FR 12448, Mar. 19, 2002, as amended at 71 FR 13747, Mar. 17, 2006]

§ 1437.404 Information collection requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act; OMB control numbers

An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. The OMB control number for the regulation in this part is 0560-0175.

Subpart F—Determining Coverage in the Tropical Region

Source: 71 FR 52739, Sept. 7, 2006, unless otherwise noted.

§1437.501 Applicability; definition of "tropical region" and additional definitions.

(a) This subpart shall only apply to covered tropical crops in the tropical region for the 2006 and subsequent crops years, as those terms are defined in this subpart. Benefits under this part may be extended to those crops only to the extent that they are otherwise eligible for assistance under this part. Covered crops shall not apply to "value loss" crops, as defined elsewhere in this part. For those crops that are covered by this subpart, loss and payment determinations for the program covered in this part shall be determined by the rules that otherwise apply to the program subject to the modifications provided by this subpart. The rules that otherwise apply include, but are not limited to, limitations on

payments that appear elsewhere in this part.

- (b) For purposes of this subpart:
- (1) Tropical region includes, as may be further limited by the Deputy Administrator: Hawaii, American Samoa, Guam, the U.S. Virgin Islands, Puerto Rico, and the former Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands (the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, the Republic of the Marshall Islands, the Federated States of Micronesia, and the Republic of Palau).
- (2) 2006 and subsequent crops means those crops in the ground on or after January 1, 2006.
- (3) Covered tropical crops means those crops and commodities in the tropical region governed by this subpart, those being all crops and commodities in the tropical region that are otherwise eligible for generating a benefit claim under this part, except for value-loss crops as defined elsewhere in this part.
- (c) The Deputy Administrator may adjust requirements for assistance so as to provide a fair transition from previous rules for crop covered by this subpart to those provisions which are provided for in this subpart.

§ 1437.502 Coverage periods and fees for covered tropical crops.

- (a) The crop year for all covered tropical crops is the calendar year (January 1 through December 31 beginning in 2006 through subsequent years).
- (b) The application closing date for all covered tropical crops is December 1 of the calendar year before the applicable crop year.
- (c) For covered tropical crops, per county per crop year, a maximum service fee of \$100.00 is required of the producer for coverage of:
- (1) With respect to annual and biennial crops, all plantings of the same crop planted during the crop year, as determined by CCC.
- (2) With respect to perennial crops, all acreage of the crop existing during the crop year, as determined by CCC.
- (d)(1) Multiple planting periods and final planting dates are not applicable for covered tropical crops. However, nothing in this section shall prohibit assigning different production expectations to different fields.

(2) The coverage period for perennial and other crops covered by this subpart begins on January 1 of the relevant crop year and ends on December 31 of that year.

§1437.503 Covered losses and recordkeeping requirements for covered tropical crops.

- (a) Prevented planting coverage is not available for covered tropical crops, other than in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, except as approved by the Deputy Administrator in special cases.
- (b) Except in Hawaii and Puerto Rico, or as otherwise approved by the Deputy Administrator in individual cases, eligible causes of loss for covered tropical crops will only include hurricanes, typhoons, and named tropical storms.
- (c) Producers who have applied for coverage on covered tropical crops must maintain for the full coverage period contemporaneous records. Contemporaneous records are those created at the time of planting and harvesting of the crop for which the application for coverage is filed. In this regard:
- (1) Producers may be selected on a random or targeted basis for compliance review with this requirement and any other requirements that may apply to this program.
- (2) A failure to maintain acceptable contemporaneous records throughout the crop year may be treated by CCC as grounds of ineligibility for benefits under this part.

§ 1437.504 Notice of loss for covered tropical crops.

- (a) The provisions of §1437.10(c) regarding late filed notice of loss do not apply to covered tropical crops.
- (b) Where a notice of loss for covered tropical crops is provided according to §1437.10, producers must provide records maintained according to §1437.503(c) of the:
- (1) Number of acres or other basis of measurement, as applicable, of the crop from which production could be achieved existing on the day the eligible natural disaster occurred or, for prolonged natural disasters, such as a drought and similar damage where ap-

plicable, existing on the day the notice of loss is filed.

- (2) Amount, including zero, as applicable, of production harvested, before or after the disaster, from those crop plantings (damaged or undamaged) which were in existence on the farm at the time of the disaster including production from the covered plantings (in existence at the time of the loss event) that may occur after the loss event even when, to the extent provided for in paragraph (c) of this section, the harvest occurs after the end of the crop year. Crop acreage of the covered crop that is in existence at the time of the loss event that can be harvested after the eligible natural disaster must be harvested, or continue to be harvested, and the harvested acres and production reported to FSA according to this subpart, except that for perennial crops the requirement ends with the end of the crop year. For non-perennial crops the obligation to harvest ends with the end of the life-cycle for the plantings that were in existence at the time of the loss event. In this regard:
- (i) Except as otherwise determined by FSA, such production, before or after the loss event, will be taken into account in computing eligibilities.
- (ii) Production that must be reported under paragraph (b)(2)(i) of this section includes, except in the case of perennial plants, all production irrespective of whether the production occurs in the same crop year.
- (iii) For perennial plants, only production in the same crop year must be reported.
- (iv) All production that must be reported for covered tropical crops will, except as specified by the Deputy Administrator, be taken into account in the loss determinations made under this part. The producer is obligated to maximize that production. That is, harvesting and other production activities for the plants in the ground at the time of the disaster must be undertaken or continue to be undertaken, to the maximum extent possible, for the full reporting period, that being the period for which production could count against a loss as indicated in this subpart.
- (3) Failure to keep sufficient records to allow the computations provided for